

# Progression in mathematical teaching and learning at Bramhope Primary School



	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<b>Place value - counting</b>	-Count to 20, forwards and backwards.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Count to and across 100, forwards, and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number</li> <li>- Count numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos, fives and tens</li> </ul>	- Count in steps of 2, 3 and 5 from 0, and in tens from any number, forward and backward	- Count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100; find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000</li> <li>- Count backwards through zero to include negative numbers</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1,000,000</li> <li>- Count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero</li> </ul>	

<b>Place value – representing</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Count a group of objects or pictorial representations with 1:1 correspondence</li> <li>- Recognise numbers to 20</li> <li>- Place numbers to 20 in order</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations</li> <li>- Read and write numbers to 100 in numerals</li> <li>- Read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words</li> <li>- Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations including the number line</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations</li> <li>- Read and write numbers up to 1,000 in numerals and in words</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations</li> <li>- Read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero as a place holder</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1,000,000 and determine the value of each digit</li> <li>- Read Roman numerals to 1,000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10,000,000 and determine the value of each digit</li> </ul>
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<b>Place value – comparing</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Identify one more and one less up to 20</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Given a number, identify one more and one less</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones)</li> <li>- Compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use &lt;, &gt; and = signs</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Recognise the place value of each digit in a three digit number (hundreds, tens and ones)</li> <li>- Compare and order numbers up to 1,000</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Find 1,000 more or less than a given number</li> <li>- Recognise the place value of each digit in a four digit number (thousands, hundreds, tens and ones)</li> <li>- Order and compare numbers beyond 1,000</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1,000,000 and determine the value of each digit</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10,000,000 and determine the value of each digit</li> </ul>
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<b>Place value – rounding</b>					<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1,000</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Round any number up to 1,000,000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy</li> </ul>
<b>Place value – solving problems (including negative numbers)</b>			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Use place value and number facts to solve problems</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Interpret negative numbers in context</li> <li>- Solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero</li> <li>- Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above</li> </ul>

**Addition and subtraction – recalling, representing and using**

- Using quantities and objects, add and subtract two single-digit numbers and count on or back to find the answer.

- Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and the equals (=) signs

- Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20

- Recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100

- Show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of number from another cannot

- Recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems

- Estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers

- Estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation

- Use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of the problem, levels of accuracy

<b>Addition and subtraction – calculating</b>		<p>- Add and subtract one-digit and twodigit numbers to 20, including zero</p>	<p>- Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including:</p> <p><i>A two-digit number and ones</i></p> <p><i>A two-digit number and tens</i></p>	<p>- Add and subtract numbers mentally, including:</p> <p><i>A three-digit number and ones</i></p> <p><i>A three-digit number and tens</i></p> <p><i>A three-digit number and hundreds</i></p>	<p>- Add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate</p>	<p>- Add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction)</p> <p>- Add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers</p>	<p>- Perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers</p> <p>- Use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations</p>
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			<p><i>Two two-digit numbers</i></p> <p><i>Adding three one-digit numbers.</i></p>	<p>- Add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction.</p>			<p>involving the four operations</p>
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<b>Addition and subtraction – solving problems</b>	<p>- Solve problems, including doubling, halving and sharing (practically).</p>	<p>- Solve one step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as <math>7 = ? - 9</math></p>	<p>- Solve problems with addition and subtraction:</p> <p><i>using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures</i></p> <p><i>applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods</i></p>	<p>- Solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction</p>	<p>- Solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why</p>	<p>- Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why</p> <p>- Solve problems involving addition and subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign</p>	<p>- Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why</p>
<b>Multiplication and division – recalling, representing and using</b>			<p>- Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers</p> <p>- Show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one</p>	<p>- Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables</p>	<p>- Recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to <math>12 \times 12</math></p> <p>- Use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying</p>	<p>- Identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers</p> <p>- Know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (nonprime) numbers</p>	<p>- Identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers</p> <p>- Use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy</p>

			<b>number by another cannot</b>		<b>together three numbers</b>  <b>- Recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations</b>	<b>- Establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19</b>  <b>- Recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (<sup>2</sup>) and cubed (<sup>3</sup>)</b>	
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**Multiplication and division – calculating**

- Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication ( $\times$ ), division ( $\div$ ) and equals (=) sign.

- Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods

- Multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout

- Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers

- Multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts

- Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context

- Multiply multidigit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication

- Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context

- Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a



						<p>- Multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10,100 and 1000</p>	<p>two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to the context</p> <p>- perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers</p>
<p><b>Multiplication and division – solving problems</b></p>		<p>- Solve one step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher</p>	<p>- Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in context</p>	<p>- Solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as <i>n objects are connected to m objects</i></p>	<p>- Solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as <i>n objects are connected to m objects</i></p>	<p>- Solve problems involving multiplication and division using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes</p> <p>- Solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates</p>	<p>- Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division</p>

<b>Multiplication and division – combining operations</b>						<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Use their knowledge of the order or operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations</li> </ul>
<b>Fractions – recognising and writing</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Understand if we cut an object into 2 pieces we have half.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity</li> <li>- Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Recognise, find and name and write fractions <math>\frac{1}{3}</math>, <math>\frac{1}{4}</math>, <math>\frac{2}{4}</math>, <math>\frac{3}{4}</math> of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10</li> <li>- Recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects; unit fractions and nonunit fractions with small denominators</li> <li>- Recognise and use fractions as numbers; unit fractions and nonunit fractions with small denominators</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by ten</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths</li> <li>- Recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements <math>&gt;1</math> as a mixed number [for example <math>\frac{2}{5} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{6}{5} = 1 \frac{1}{5}</math>]</li> </ul>	

<b>Fractions - comparing</b>			- Recognise the equivalence of $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$	- Recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators	- Recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions	- Compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number	- Use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination

				- Compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators			- Compare and order fractions, including fractions $>1$
<b>Fractions – calculating</b>			- Write simple fractions for example, $\frac{1}{2}$ of 6 = 3	- Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole [for example, $\frac{5}{7} + \frac{1}{7} = \frac{6}{7}$ ]	- Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator	- Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number	- Add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions
						- Multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams	- Multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form [for example, $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8}$ ]  - Divide proper fractions by whole number [for example, $\frac{1}{3} \div 2 = \frac{1}{6}$ ]

<b>Fractions - Solving problems</b>				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Solve problems that involve all of the above</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number</li> </ul>		
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<b>Decimals – recognising and writing</b>					<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths</li> <li>- Recognise and write decimal equivalents to <math>\frac{1}{4}</math>, <math>\frac{1}{2}</math>, <math>\frac{3}{4}</math></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, <math>0.71 = \frac{71}{100}</math>]</li> <li>- Recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places</li> </ul>
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<b>Decimals - comparing</b>					<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number</li> <li>- Compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place</li> <li>- Read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places</li> </ul>	
<b>Decimals – calculating and solving problems</b>					<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Find the effect of dividing a one or two digit number by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answers as ones, tenths and hundredths</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Solve problems involving number up to three decimal places</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up the three decimal places</li> <li>- Multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers</li> <li>- use written division methods</li> </ul>
							<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places</li> <li>- Solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy</li> </ul>

**Fractions, decimals and percentages**

- Solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places

- Recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal

- Solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of  $\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $\frac{1}{4}$ ,  $\frac{1}{5}$ ,  $\frac{2}{5}$ ,  $\frac{4}{5}$  and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25

- Associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375] for a simple fraction [for example,  $\frac{3}{8}$ ]

- Recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts

**Ratio and proportion**

- Solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts

							<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- <b>Solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures, and such as 15% of 360] and the use of percentages for comparison</b></li> <li>- <b>Solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found</b></li> <li>- <b>Solve problems involving unequal sharing or grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples</b></li></ul>
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<b>Algebra</b> <i>(introduced earlier than year 6 as 'missing numbers')</i>		<i>- Solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as <math>7 = ? - 9</math></i>	<i>- Recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems</i>	<i>- Solve problems, including missing number problems</i>			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Use simple formulae</li> <li>- Generate and describe linear number sequences</li> <li>- Express missing number problems algebraically</li> <li>- Find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns</li> <li>- Enumerate possibilities of</li> </ul>
							combinations of two variables



<p><b>Measurement – using measures</b></p>	<p>- Use everyday language to talk about size, weight, capacity, position, distance, time and money to compare quantities and objects and to solve problems.</p>	<p>- Compare, describe and solve practical problems for</p> <p><i>Lengths and heights (e.g. long / short, longer / shorter, tall / short, double / half)</i></p> <p><i>Mass and weight (e.g. heavy / light, heavier than, lighter than)</i></p> <p><i>Capacity and volume (e.g. full / empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter)</i></p> <p><i>Time (e.g. quicker, slower, earlier, later)</i></p> <p>- Measure and begin to record the following</p> <p><i>Lengths and heights, mass / weight, capacity and volume, time (hours, minutes, seconds)</i></p>	<p>- Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length / height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature (°C); capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels</p> <p>- Compare and order lengths, mass, volume / capacity and record the results using &gt;, &lt; and =</p>	<p>- Measure, compare, add and subtract lengths (m/cm/mm), mass (kg/g); volume/capacity (l/ml)</p>	<p>- Convert between different units of measure (for example, kilometre to metre; hour to minute)</p> <p>- Estimate, compare and calculate different measures</p>	<p>- Convert between different units of metric measure (for example kilometre and metre, centimetre and metre, centimetre and millimetre, gram and kilogram, litre and millilitre)</p> <p>- Understand and use approximate equivalences between metric unit and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints</p> <p>- Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure (for example length, mass, volume, money) using decimal notation including scaling</p>	<p>- Solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate</p> <p>- Use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit and vice versa using decimal notation up to three decimal places</p> <p>- Convert between miles of kilometres</p>
<p><b>Measurement - money</b></p>	<p>- Use everyday language to talk about size, weight, capacity, position, distance, time and money to compare quantities and objects and to solve problems.</p>	<p>- Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes</p>	<p>- Recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value</p> <p>- Find different</p>	<p>- Add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts</p>	<p>- Estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence</p>	<p>- Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure (for example, money)</p>	

			<b>combinations of coins that equal</b>				
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			<b>the same amounts of money</b> <b>- Solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change</b>				
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<b>Measurement – time</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Use everyday language to talk about size, weight, capacity, position, distance, time and money to compare quantities and objects and to solve problems.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Sequence events in chronological order using language (for example, before, after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening)</li> <li>- Recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years</li> <li>- Tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Compare and sequence intervals of time</li> <li>- Tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past / to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times</li> <li>- Know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII and 12 hour and 24 hour clocks</li> <li>- Estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours; use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m/p.m, morning, afternoon, noon and midnight</li> <li>- Know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12- and 24- hour clocks</li> <li>- Solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Solve problems involving converting between units of time</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa</li> </ul>
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				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Compare durations of events (for example to calculate the time taken by particular events of tasks)</li> </ul>			
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<b>Measurement</b> <b>– perimeter, area and volume</b>				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Measure the perimeter of simple 2D shapes</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres</li> <li>- Find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres</li> <li>- Calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), and including using standard units, square centimetres (cm<sup>2</sup>) and square meters (m<sup>2</sup>) and estimate the area of irregular shapes</li> <li>- Estimate volume (for example, using 1cm<sup>3</sup> blocks to build cuboids – including cubes) and capacity (for examples, using water)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa</li> <li>- Recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes</li> <li>- Calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles</li> <li>- Calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres (cm<sup>3</sup>) and cubic metres (m<sup>3</sup>) and extending to other units (for example, mm<sup>3</sup> and km<sup>3</sup>).</li> </ul>
<b>Geometry</b> <b>2d shapes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Explore characteristics of everyday objects and shapes and use mathematical</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Recognise and name common 2D shapes (for example, rectangles – including squares</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Identify and describe the properties of 2D shapes, including the number of sides and line</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Draw 2D shapes</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Draw 2D shapes using given dimensions and angles</li> <li>- Compare and classify geometric shapes based on</li> </ul>

	language to describe them.	– circles and triangles)	<p>symmetry in a vertical line</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Identify 2D shapes on the surface of 3D shapes, (for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid)</li> <li>- Compare and sort common 2D shapes and everyday objects</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Identify lines of symmetry in 2D shapes presented in different orientations</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles</li> </ul>	<p>their properties and sizes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius</li> </ul>
<b>Geometry 3d shapes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Explore characteristics of everyday objects and shapes and use mathematical language to describe them.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Recognise and name common 3D shapes (for example cuboids – including cubes – pyramids and spheres</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Recognise and name common 3D shapes (for example, cuboids – including cubes – pyramids and spheres</li> <li>- Compare and sort common 3D shapes and everyday objects</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Make 3D shapes using modelling materials; recognise 3D shapes in different orientations and describe them</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Identify 3D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2D representations</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Recognise, describe and build simple 3D shapes, including making nets</li> </ul>

<b>Geometry – Angles and lines</b>				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Recognise angles as a property of a shape or a description of a turn</li> <li>- Identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size</li> <li>- Identify lines of symmetry in 2D shapes presented in different orientations</li> <li>- Complete a simple symmetric figure with respect</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Know angles are measured in degrees; estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles</li> <li>- Draw given angles, and measure them in degrees</li> <li>- Identify: <i>Angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°)</i></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons</li> <li>- Recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles</li> </ul>
				<p>angles are greater than or less than a right angle</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines</li> </ul>	<p>to a specific line of symmetry</p>	<p><i>Angles at a point on a straight line and ½ a turn (total 180°)</i></p> <p><i>Other multiples of 90°</i></p>	

<b>Geometry – position and direction</b>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences</li> <li>- Use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anticlockwise)</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Describe positions on a 2D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant</li> <li>- Describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down</li> <li>- Plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants)</li> <li>- Draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes</li> </ul>
<b>Statistics – presenting and interpreting</b>			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems</li> </ul>

**Statistics –  
solving  
problems**

- Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity

- Ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data

- Solve one and two step questions (for example – ‘How many more?’ and ‘How many fewer?’) using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables

- Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs

- Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph

- Calculate and interpret the mean as an average